

Performance report: Glucose / Lactate

Method: Dialysis - low
Measurement range: Glucose 0.1 – 4 g/L, Lactate 0.05 – 2 g/L



SYSTEM PERFORMANCE

These data were compiled in order to give an overview of typical system- and sensor-performance in the low concentration range using the dialysis-low sampling method. Operational temperature in the bioreactor was set to 37°C.

Linearity

By comparing the actual value with the set value typically a regression coefficient R^2 of not less than 0,9995 will be obtained (Figure 1).

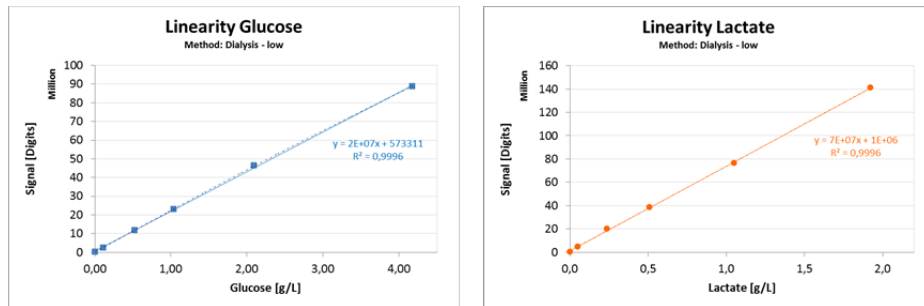


Figure 1. Linearity of Glucose ($R^2=0,9996$) and Lactate ($R^2=0,9996$)

Precision

The typical variation about the mean value is below 0,5%, except for the lower concentrations (< 1,5%) (Figure 2).

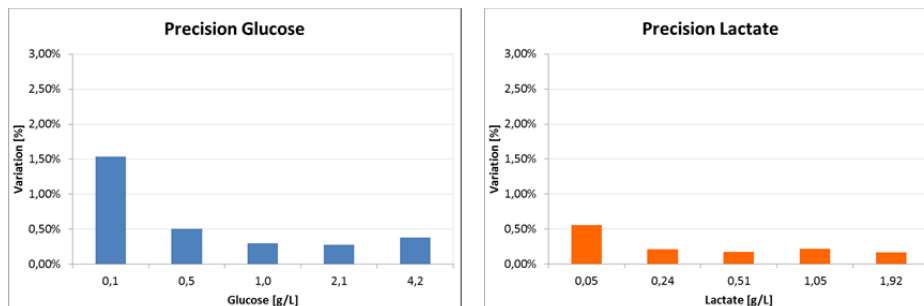


Figure 2. Precision of Glucose and Lactate readings in the dialysis-low mode

Recovery

The recovery of the glucose and lactate values is shown in figure 3.

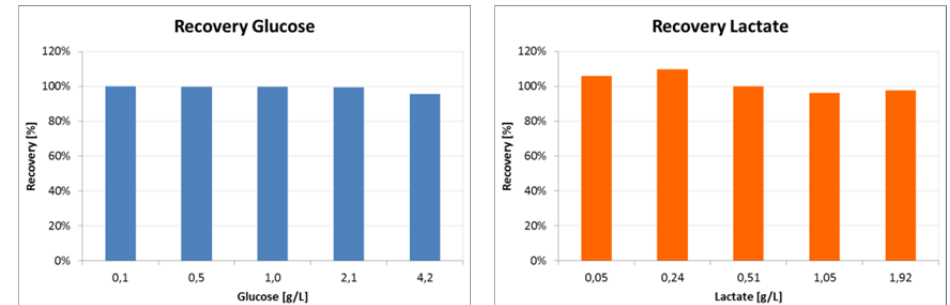


Figure 3. Recovery of Glucose and Lactate

Operational stability

Long term stability for the Glucose/Lactate biosensors is guaranteed for 5.000 measurements or 14 days. Figure 4 shows a typical profile during the load test within the QA procedure over 5.000 assays (every two minutes = 7 days).

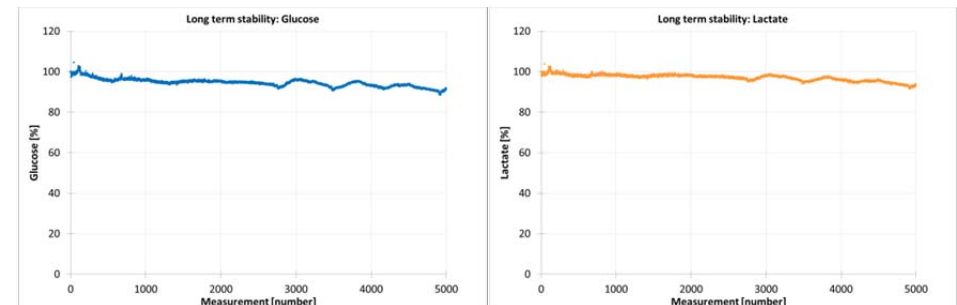


Figure 4. Load test of Glucose and Lactate sensors

In a typical cell culture application the measurement frequency is set to 30 min with one automatic recalibration per day. Sensor drift is less than 0,1% per hour.

Shelf life

Glucose-/Lactate-Sensors have a shelf life of at least 12 months at room temperature.